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Supplementary Agenda



Listening Learning Leading

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Date: 3 February 2021

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A MEETING OF THE

Scrutiny Committee

WILL BE HELD ON TUESDAY 9 FEBRUARY 2021 AT 6.00 PM

THIS WILL BE A VIRTUAL MEETING.

Watch the meeting here: https://www.youtube.com/channel/UCTj2pCic8vzucpzlaSWE3UQ

Members of the Committee:

Ian White (Chair)

Mocky Khan (Vice-Chair) Stefan Gawrysiak David Turner

Anna Badcock Alexandrine Kantor

Sam Casey-Rerhaye George Levy

Substitutes

Ken ArlettVictoria HavalJo RobbDavid BrethertonLorraine HillierIan SnowdonPeter DragonettiKellie HintonAlan ThompsonKate GregoryAxel MacdonaldCelia Wilson

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MARGARET REED

Head of Legal and Democratic

REPORTS AND ISSUES FOR THE CONSIDERATION OF THE SCRUTINY COMMITTEE

7 Budget 2021/22

To consider the Cabinet report of the Interim Head of Finance - Revenue Budget 2021/22 and Capital Programme to 2025/26.

Report to: Cabinet Scrutiny Committee Council



Listening Learning Leading

Report of Interim Head of Finance

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To: CABINET 4 February 2021
To: SCRUTINY COMMITTEE 9 February 2021
To: COUNCIL 11 February 2021

Revenue Budget 2021/22 and Capital Programme to 2025/26

RECOMMENDATIONS

- 1. That Cabinet recommends to Council that it:
 - a. sets the revenue budget for 2021/22 as set out in appendix A.1 to this report,
 - approves the capital programme for 2021/22 to 2025/26 as set out in appendix D.1 to this report, together with the capital programme changes as set out in appendix D.2 to this report,
 - c. sets the council's prudential limits as listed in appendix E to this report,
 - d. approves the medium-term financial plan to 2025/26 as set out in appendix F to this report,
 - e. allocates £500,000 to fund the Communities Capital and Revenue grant scheme,
 - f. asks officers to review the Medium-Term Financial Strategy (MTFS) following the 2021 spending review and Ministry of Housing, Communities and Local Government (MHCLG) announcements of changes to the council's future funding streams
- 2. That Cabinet agrees that the cabinet member for finance, in conjunction with the interim head of finance, may make minor adjustments to this report and the prudential indicators should they prove necessary prior to its submission to Council on 11 February 2021.

Purpose of report

- 1. This report:
 - brings together all relevant information to allow Cabinet to recommend to Council a revenue budget for 2021/22 and a capital programme for 2021/22 to 2025/26;
 - recommends the prudential indicators to be set by the council in accordance with 'the Prudential Code' introduced as part of the Local Government Act 2003;
 - contains the opinion of the council's chief financial officer on the robustness of estimates and adequacy of the council's financial reserves;
 - contains the Medium-Term Financial Plan (MTFP) which provides details of the forward budget model for the next five years.

Strategic objectives

2. The allocation of financial resources within the revenue and capital budgets needs to match the objectives agreed by the council.

Revenue budget 2021/22

Budget composition 2021/22

- 3. **Appendix A.1** summarises the movements in the base budget from £17,703,774 in 2020/21 to £20,308,954 in 2021/22. These movements are detailed below.
- 4. Opening budget adjustment reduction (£740,820) (appendix A.2). This includes the removal of one-off growth items relating to 2020/21 and before, and the realisation of the full-year effect of savings proposals identified in previous years.
- 5. Additions to the base budget:
 - inflation, salary increments and other salary adjustments £462,099 (appendix A.3). The salary and contract inflation total £362,790. For council employees an overall increase in salary of two per cent is budgeted for 2021/22. Increments payable to council employees not at the top of their salary range total £151,917. Other salary adjustments are a net decrease of £52,609. This is primarily the result of a reduction in the fixed element of the council's contribution to the pension fund, following the previous actuarial review of the pension scheme liabilities.
 - essential growth one-off £1,832,730 and ongoing £1,450,866 (appendix A.4), these items comprise additional expenditure items, and reductions in income, which have been identified by officers and the cabinet member and are considered to be unavoidable and reflect changes that have occurred in the current year or which are known will happen in 2021/22. For 2021/22 this includes some items necessitated by the council's ongoing response to the Coronavirus pandemic, alongside provision for potential irrecoverable income losses, again due to COVID-19.

Increase in contingency budget £900,000 (appendix A.6) As with essential growth above, the contingency budget has been increased for one year only to make provision for potential irrecoverable expenditure incurred whilst the council continues to respond to the pandemic. A breakdown of this figure is provided in a separate confidential version of appendix A.6 circulated to all councillors.

Deductions from the base budget:

- base budget reductions £1,271,213, (appendix A.5) These base budget savings are reductions in costs identified by officers which may be the result of more efficient working or previously agreed policy decisions, cost reductions outside of the council's control, increases in income, or correction to budgets. These savings do not affect frontline service delivery.
- increase in managed vacancy factor £28,482, this provision has been increased maintain the total as four per cent of the total salary cost.
- 6. As a result of these changes the council's revised base budget for 2021/22 is £20,308,954 some £2,655,180 higher than that set in 2020/21. This increase is primarily due to the council making provision for potential irrecoverable expenditure and income losses due to the pandemic, the course of which cannot be predicted at this time. The provisions are ring fenced for this purpose and, should they not be needed in full, then they can only be used for a different purpose if agreed by Cabinet and where necessary Council.

Revenue growth and savings proposals

- 7. There are no discretionary revenue growth and savings proposals being recommended to council for inclusion in the budget for 2021/22 at this time.
- 8. The council has adopted a new corporate plan since the last budget was set. As part of budget setting activity, officers had originally intended to bring forward for consideration items of growth that were linked to corporate delivery plan activities. This would be in addition to corporate plan delivery activities that are already funded within existing budgets.
- 9. The delivery plan reflects much of the activity that was included as "transformation" work, outlined when the 2021/21 budget was set. This was focussed on addressing the council's long-term financial position, and budget provision for this was made. Appendix B shows the corporate plan delivery activities for which budgetary provision both within one-one off and ongoing budgets already exists.
- 10. Due to the need to prioritise the council's response to the Coronavirus pandemic, it has not been possible to build any more costs or savings relating to corporate plan delivery activity into the budgets for 2021/22 at this time. Deliverability of the activities for which budget provision already exists will be dependent on how long and how much officer resource is required to support the council's Coronavirus work.
- 11. Subject to capacity constraints, should the opportunity arise during the year to consider funding further corporate plan activities then these can be brought forward for consideration as supplementary estimates.

Gross treasury income

- 12. Treasury income earned in 2021/22 is currently forecast to be £1,846,610 and will be allocated as follows:
 - £1,446,610 to support future revenue budgets; and
 - £400,000 reinvested in financial instruments.
- 13. This represents a significant reduction in the council's investment income and follows the reduction of the Bank of England base rate to 0.1 per cent, as a response to the Coronavirus pandemic. More details of treasury income can be found in the council's Treasury Management Strategy report¹.
- 14. Including treasury income results in a net expenditure budget for the council of £18,462,344 compared with £15,121,054 in 2020/21.

Reserves and other funding

New Homes Bonus (NHB)

15. The provisional government allocation for NHB payment for 2021/22 is £2,549,185. Projections of future government grant funding are detailed later in this report.

Transfers from reserves

- 16. The proposed transfers from earmarked reserves total £121,943 and reflect:
 - The transfer from reserves of treasury income earned in 2020/21 and earmarked to support the revenue account in 2021/22,
 - The transfer to reserves of treasury income earned in 2021/22,
 - Other transfers to / from the revenue grants reserve.
- 17. Based on the above use of reserves and other funding, the amount of revenue expenditure to be financed from government settlement and from council tax 2021/22 is £11,531,987 (appendix A.1).

Funding

Local government settlement

- 18. Following the Spending Review in November 2020, the provisional local government settlement for 2021/22 was announced in December 2020. As with the previous year's settlement, this is for one year only.
- 19. Table 1 below details the government's funding for the council in 2021/22.

¹ Considered by Cabinet 4 February 2021, Council 11 February 2021

Table 1: provisional local government finance settlement 2021/22

	Provisional
	Settlement
	£
Business rates retention scheme	(2,604,892)
Indexation	(135,726)
NDR at safety net	195,367
Settlement Funding Assessment	(2,545,251)
Other funding	
New Homes Bonus	(2,549,185)
Rural Services Delivery Grant	(44,314)
Lower tier grant	(110,935)
Grand total	(5,249,685)

- 20. The provisional settlement for 2021/22 is one percent lower than 2020/21. Whilst the provisional settlement, at a national level, includes an average increase in "core revenue spending power" of 4.5 per cent, council tax income is included in that definition and, in calculating the increase, government assumes that council tax will increase by the maximum allowed before a referendum is required. As shown in the government's calculations, the council's core revenue spending power will increase by 2.6 per cent, reflecting an increasing reliance on council tax income whilst government grant funding reduces.
- 21. Included within the government's definition of core revenue spending power is NHB, which has become critical to the sustainability of the council's MTFP. As identified above funding has been provisionally announced along with the settlement this year at £2,549,185 for 2021/22. Government have confirmed that 2021/22 is the final year of the NHB.
- 22. Outside of core revenue spending power, government has also provided additional one-off funding to support the council's response to the Coronavirus pandemic for 2021/22. This amounts to £516,770.
- 23. At the time of writing this report the final settlement figures had not been received from the government. It is not anticipated that when this information is available it will be significantly different to the provisional figures.
- 24. For budget setting purposes it has been assumed that the council's "core revenue spending power" will remain at the same level throughout the MTFP period. In announcing the provisional settlement, government announced that no council would see a reduction in core revenue spending power for 2021/22 and, as noted above, the council did see a modest increase in that figure.
- 25. Adopting this approach over the MTFP period means that government funding reduces as a percentage of the total core revenue spending power whilst council tax increases. It is less pessimistic than the approach adopted previously and suggests a slower reduction in government grant funding than previously predicted. It should be noted that the government also indicated that no council should take this year's core revenue spending power as a guarantee of future funding levels. However, without any certainty over those funding levels officers believe this approach offers a "middle way" between the most optimistic and

- pessimistic forecasts of future funding and as such is a fair assumption for the remainder of the MTFP period.
- 26. The actual funding generated in future years will depend on the outcome of the review of the retained business rates scheme which will include changes to:
 - The percentage of business rates growth is retained by the different tiers of local government,
 - the baseline in accordance with the fair funding review,

together with the outcome of the review of NHB.

27. Business rates retained by the council as planning authority relating to facilities generating renewable energy within the district is estimated at £76,894 (MTFP row 57).

Collection fund

28. The surplus on the collection fund is estimated in 2021/22 to be £472,194.

Use of reserves

29. The difference between expenditure requirement and the funding available is smoothed over the medium-term financial plan by transfers to and from earmarked reserves and the general fund balance. The net impact of these budget proposals is a draw on NHB reserves of £3,985,509 and a draw on the enabling fund of £273,720 in 2021/22.

Cabinet member for finance's revenue budget proposal

- 30. Based on the amendments detailed above, and as shown in **appendix A.1** of this report, the cabinet member's budget proposal, including growth, is for a net revenue budget of £11,531,987 This revenue budget as proposed would result in an increase of £5.00 to current band "D" council tax to £131.24.
- 31. The Band D council tax in 2020/21 of £126.24 was the seventh lowest in the country for a shire district and compares to a national average in 2020/21 of £194.22. The proposed increase of £5.00 in 2021/22 is the maximum increase allowed under the draft council tax referendum principles announced in the provisional local government settlement.
- 32. **Appendix C** shows the breakdown of the revenue budget.

Capital programme 2021/22 to 2025/26

Current capital programme

- 33. The latest capital programme (before growth) is attached at **appendix D.1** and is summarised in table 3 below. It is the capital programme as set by Council in February 2020 plus: -
 - slippage (caused by delays to projects) carried forward from 2019/20

- new schemes approved by Council during 2020/21
- re-profiling of expenditure on schemes from the 2020/21 financial year to future years where delays to schemes have occurred
- cabinet approved movement of schemes from the provisional to the approved capital programme
- the deletion of previously agreed schemes that have completed or are no longer being pursued at this time in their original form.

Cabinet capital programme proposals

34. **Appendix D.2** contains a list of capital schemes that are being recommended for inclusion and amendment in the capital programme. Officers will amend the provisional capital programme to include the proposals if approved by Cabinet and Council.

Financing the capital programme

35. **Table 2** contains a schedule showing the current and proposed capital programme and how it will be financed, including the growth proposals, if they are approved. The programme proposed can be fully funded from existing and anticipated capital resources. The total planned capital expenditure is £55.7 **million** over five years.

Table 2: current and proposed capital programme with financing

	2020/21 latest	2021/22 estimate	2022/23 estimate	2023/24 estimate	2024/25 estimate	2025/26 estimate	GRAND TOTAL
	estimate	estimate					
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Capital programme before growth							
- approved	3,718	19,018	13,097	1,453	1,119	920	39,325
- provisional	10,074	2,240	707	706	733	707	15,167
	13,792	21,258	13,804	2,159	1,852	1,627	54,492
Cabinet capital growth proposals	0	608	138	138	138	138	1,160
Total expenditure	13,792	21,866	13,942	2,297	1,990	1,765	55,652
Financing							
Grant funding	4,391	2,674	1,399	1,401	875	875	11,615
Developers' contributions/CIL	208	9,693	0	0	0	0	9,901
Usable capital receipts/revenue reserves	9,193	9,499	12,543	896	1,115	890	34,136
Total financing	13,792	21,866	13,942	2,297	1,990	1,765	55,652
Estimated balances as at 31 March 2026 (excluding amou	ınts ring-fen	ced as part of	the the MTF	S)		
Usable capital receipts							0
General fund balance							10,947
New homes bonus:							
Unringfenced							0
Affordable homes							1,764

Future pressures on the capital programme

36. **Table 2** also shows the use of council resources to fund the capital programme. Officers advise Cabinet not to earmark all available resources in proposing the budget to Council, as the prudential code requires local authorities to set sustainable budgets. By retaining unallocated balances, Cabinet can demonstrate that through a combination of this and future income (that can be expected beyond the period of the budget) it can fund future pressures.

The prudential code and prudential indicators

- 37. In setting its revenue and capital budgets for 2021/22, the council must agree prudential indicators in accordance with the prudential code (see below). When recommending its budgets to Council, Cabinet must also recommend the prudential indicators.
- 38. From 1 April 2004, government control of local authorities' borrowing was abolished and replaced by a prudential system of self-regulation. Authorities are able to borrow based on need and affordability, which they demonstrate through compliance with the prudential code developed by the Chartered Institute of Public Finance and Accountancy (CIPFA) and given statutory force by government regulation.
- 39. The key objectives of the prudential code are to ensure that the capital investment plans of the authority are affordable, prudent and sustainable. To demonstrate that authorities have had regard to these objectives, the prudential code sets out a number of indicators that must be considered covering five distinct areas capital expenditure, affordability, prudence, external debt and treasury management. Council must approve the indicators through the budget process before 1 April each year, but they can be revised during the year if required.
- 40. The key indicators that will drive the capital budget decision making process will be those concerning long term affordability, as these measure the impact of capital investment decisions on the overall revenue budget and in particular the precept against the collection fund.
- 41. In setting or revising the prudential indicators the council is required to have regard to:
 - affordability e.g. implications for the precept
 - prudence and sustainability e.g. implications for external borrowing
 - value for money e.g. option appraisal
 - stewardship of assets e.g. asset management planning
 - service objectives e.g. strategic planning for the council
 - Practicality e.g. achievability of the forward plan.
- 42. Under the code, the interim head of finance as chief finance officer is responsible for ensuring that the council considers all relevant matters when setting or revising indicators through a report. The interim head of finance is also required to establish procedures to monitor performance against all forward-looking indicators; and report upon any significant deviations from forward forecasts with proposed actions.
- 43. **Appendix E** contains the recommended prudential indicators, which have been calculated based on the budget proposals. The interim head of finance is satisfied that these indicators show that the council's capital investment plans are affordable, prudent and sustainable.

The Medium-Term Financial Plan (MTFP)

- 44. The MTFP provides a forward budget model for the next five years. **Appendix F** contains the MTFP for 2021/22 to 2025/26. This is a projection of the revenue budget up to 31 March 2026. The projection allows for budget pressures in later years and assumes that council approves all the budget proposals within this report. Officers have made no adjustments for the costs of contracts that will be re-let during this period. They could rise or fall depending on market conditions.
- 45. The MTFP identifies significant challenges ahead for the council. It reflects the updated provisional settlement figures published in draft by the government in December 2020 and shown in table 1 above. As discussed above, ongoing funding after 2021/22 is an estimate by officers and is subject to change. The estimates will be refined as more information on the future funding schemes becomes available.
- 46. Officers consider that the pressures highlighted are manageable in the period covered by the MTFP (in light of the reserves and balances available to the council and our ability to vary budgets and redirect funding). However, to balance the budget in all years covered by the MTFP requires a significant annual draw on reserves which is not sustainable over the medium and long term. Table 3 below shows how the value of council reserves that are estimated to be used over the MTFP period.

Table 3: use of reserves during MTFP period to balance the revenue budget

Financial	Use of reserves			
year	£000			
2021/22	4,259			
2022/23	3,564			
2023/24	3,632			
2024/25	4,242			
2025/26	5,140			
Total	20,837			

- 47. The council's MTFS states that the council will hold £50 million of investments of which up to £35 million can be invested in capital schemes that will produce a return of certainty. The remaining balance can be invested in treasury investments. Whilst the treasury investments may in some cases be capable of being realised, investment in capital schemes is not capable of being realised. Such principles will need to be reviewed and potentially adjusted in accordance with the level of future government funding.
- 48. As at 31 March 2026 the council is currently projected to have invested or earmarked at least £30 million of the £35 million permitted in capital schemes, including an ongoing £15 million loan to South Oxfordshire Housing Association. A further £15 million has been invested in long term financial instruments.
- 49. Excluding the £50 million investment, the council is projected to hold £10.9 million of general revenue balances and £7.0 million earmarked revenue reserves as at 31 March 2026.

Communities Capital and Revenue Grant Scheme

- 50. On an annual basis, the council has considered the amount to be made available for the Community Capital Grant Scheme. From 2018/19, some of this funding has been allocated to revenue projects. The council is asked to consider the amount to be made available for the Community Capital and Revenue Scheme and it is recommended that a grants budget of £500,000 be set for 2021/22 comprising:
 - £180,000 for individual councillor grants,
 - £320,000 for the communities' capital grants scheme.

Any underspend on the individual councillor grants will be available to fund additional spend on the communities' capital grants scheme.

The robustness of the estimates and the adequacy of reserves

- 51. The Local Government Act 2003 places a duty on the chief finance officer (i.e. the interim head of finance) to report on the robustness of the estimates and the adequacy of reserves. The council must have regard to this report when making decisions about the setting of the budget.
- 52. The construction of the budget has been managed by qualified accountants and has been subject to challenge, specifically by the interim head of finance, other heads of service and cabinet members.
- 53. The challenge process included breaking down all costs and differentiating between statutory and discretionary expenditure. All expenditure has been scrutinised to identify potential efficiencies, whilst income budgets have been reviewed to ensure that they reflect expected fee levels. In addition, benchmarking information prepared by LG futures has been reviewed to compare our costs with those of our near neighbours councils with similar economic and social characteristics and the English average. In 2020/21, the revenue cost per resident for the council was £131.13. This compared to a near neighbour average of £143.93 and the English average of £141.91.
- 54. An informal briefing on the council's overarching budget position, which was open to all councillors, took place during December 2020. A further, more detailed briefing on this budget proposal will be given to the council's scrutiny committee members on 9 February 2021. This session will also be open to all councillors.
- 55. In view of the process undertaken and his own knowledge of the budget, the interim head of finance is satisfied that the budget is both prudent and robust. The budget allows retention of sufficient uncommitted balances at the end of the period to ensure that the overall level of reserves is adequate in relation to the proposed revenue budget and capital programme and that the budgets are sustainable over the course of the MTFP period.
- 56. The enabling fund balance as at 31 March 2026 is estimated to be £10.2 million. In the MTFP the 2025/26 revenue budget is balanced by using the enabling fund. This is based on current projections of government funding, which are

- themselves subject to uncertainty pending further information on the results of the fair funding review and the review of NHB.
- 57. However, the need to use reserves to balance the MTFP across its duration, as shown in table 4 above, reflects the fact that the budget is not sustainable beyond the end of the MTFP period. In every year of the MTFP period, revenue expenditure exceeds revenue income. Although the budget is sustainable over the MTFP period it is not sustainable beyond that period. This situation has been made worse by the pandemic, particularly in respect of some of the council's key income streams, such as investment income, and it is unclear when those income streams will recover to pre-pandemic levels.
- 58. The transformation activity, which was identified in last year's budget setting report and now forms part of the corporate plan delivery activity, is central to the council's efforts to tackle the increasing budget gap. This work, which has been delayed due to the pandemic, focuses on both reviewing costs and seeking to maximise income. When resources allow, it will take place against the backdrop of the new corporate plan priorities. Those priorities may themselves have to be reviewed to help ensure that the council's finances remain sustainable in the future.
- 59. The interim head of finance's full report will be available at full Council.

Legal Implications

- 60. The Cabinet needs to make recommendations to Council on its spending proposals. Under the Local Government Act 2000 it is Council that must agree the revenue and capital spending plans, and then set the council tax. Council will meet on 11 February 2021 in order to set the budget, and the council tax (including amounts set by Oxfordshire County Council and the Police and Crime Commissioner for the Thames Valley).
- 61. The requirement placed on the council by the Local Government Act 2003 to set prudential indicators and for the chief finance officer to make a report to the authority on the robustness of the estimates and the adequacy of reserves are addressed within the body of this report.

Other Implications

62. Agreement of the revenue and capital budgets authorises expenditure in accordance with the council's delegated powers and financial procedure rules. The officer, councillor or councillor body taking those decisions will take into account the human resources, sustainability and equality and diversity implications of individual spending decisions.

Conclusion

68. This report provides details of the revenue base budget for 2021/22, the capital programme 2021/22 to 2025/26, government grants (the settlement), uncommitted reserves and balances, the cabinet member for finance's budget proposals and the resulting prudential indicators.

69. In light of the information provided Cabinet must make a number of recommendations to Council regarding the revenue budget, the capital programme and the prudential indicators.

Appendices

ther salary adjustments
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Background Papers

Provisional settlement figures (December 2020)

Medium term financial strategy 2018/19-2022/23 – Cabinet 12 February 2018, Council 15 February 2018

Council tax base 2021/22 – Cabinet 3 December 2020, Council 10 December 2020 Treasury management strategy – Cabinet 3 February 2021, Council 10 February 2021

South Oxfordshire DC - revenue budget summary 2021/22

	2020/21	2021/22	
	Budget	Budget	Appendix Ref:
Opening base budget 2019/20	_	17,703,774	
Revisions to base budget			
Opening budget adjustments		(740,820)	Appendix A.2
Inflation, salary increments and adjustments		462,099	Appendix A.3
Essential growth - one-off		1,832,730	Annondis A 4
Essential growth - ongoing		1,450,866	Appendix A.4
Base budget savings		(1,271,213)	Appendix A.5
Other movement in revenue contingency		900,000	Appendix A.6
Movement in managed vacancy factor		(28,482)	
Total base budget after revisions	17,703,774	20,308,954	
Gross treasury income	(2,582,720)	(1,846,610)	
Net expenditure	15,121,054	18,462,344	
Funding			
Funding from reserves and New Homes Bonus	(4,532,026)	(6,930,357)	
Funding from government grants and council tax	(10,589,028)	(11,531,987)	
Total Funding	(15,121,054)	(18,462,344)	
Council tax yield required	(7,302,795)	(7,765,628)	

Year of bid	Summary	Spending profile				
		2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
		£	£	£	£	£
CORPORATE M	ANAGEMENT TEAM					
2020/21	Additional funding for transformation activities	(200,000)	(350,000)	(350,000)	(350,000)	(350,000)
		(200,000)	(350,000)	(350,000)	(350,000)	(350,000)
			-	-	•	

CORPORATE S	ERVICES					
2014/15	Bi-annual residents survey	24,000	0	24,000	0	0
2017/18	Revenue Grants	85,289	85,289	85,289	85,289	85,289
2018/19	Make Grants Officer full time	(27,652)	(27,652)	(27,652)	(27,652)	(27,652)
2018/19	Data Protection Officer	(21,500)	(21,500)	(21,500)	(21,500)	(21,500)
2019/20	Support development of commercialisation	(75,000)	(75,000)	(75,000)	(75,000)	(75,000)
2020/21	Training budget reduction	(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)
2020/21	Review of costs and income at Cornerstone	(42,200)	(115,322)	(142,647)	(165,394)	(165,394)
2020/21	Fixed term Community Liaison Officer post no longer required	17,695	30,335	30,335	30,335	30,335
2020/21	External income to support arts development	(2,326)	(2,326)	(2,326)	(2,326)	(2,326)
2020/21	Remove shared Complaints Officer post	(1,393)	(1,393)	(1,393)	(1,393)	(1,393)
		(53,087)	(137,569)	(140,894)	(187,641)	(187,641)

Year of bid	Summary	Spending profile				
		2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
		£	£	£	£	£
DEVELOPMENT	& REGENERATION					
2019/20	Lease of 135 and car parking	0	(20,000)	(40,000)	(40,000)	(40,000)
2019/20	Rent of 135 - Vale contribution	0	157,500	315,000	315,000	315,000
2019/20	Rental of 135 ceases in 2022	0	(322,500)	(645,000)	(645,000)	(645,000)
2020/21	Active communities strategy	(37,500)	(37,500)	(37,500)	(37,500)	(37,500)
2020/21	Repairs & maintenance to HQ	0	(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)	(10,000)
2020/21	Rent for 135 Milton Park	0	(14,782)	(29,565)	(29,565)	(29,565)
2020/21	No longer receiving rent for the data centre	0	(5,134)	(10,268)	(10,268)	(10,268)
2020/21	Station Road car park income Didcot	234,000	234,000	234,000	234,000	234,000
2020/21	Surveys and feasibility studies from capital	(25,000)	(25,000)	(25,000)	(25,000)	(25,000)
		171,500	(43,416)	(248,333)	(248,333)	(248,333)
FINANCE						
2020/21	Reduction in income from overpaid HB debtors	43,282	73,751	93,970	100,378	100,378
2020/21	Inteduction in income from overpaid his deptors	43,282	73,751 73,751	93,970	100,378	100,378
		40,202	70,701	00,010	100,070	100,070
HOUSING & EN	VIRONMENT					
2018/19	Environmental improvement team (public realm)	(200,500)	(200,500)	(200,500)	(200,500)	(200,500)
2018/19	Environmental improvement team (public realm) income	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000	15,000
2018/19	Syrian vulnerable people - expenditure	(2,622)	(5,323)	(5,323)	(5,323)	(5,323)
2018/19	Syrian vulnerable people - grant funding	2,622	5,323	5,323	5,323	5,323
2019/20	Homelessness prevention- supported accommodation	(82,920)	(82,920)	(82,920)	(82,920)	(82,920)
2020/21	NNDR on public conveniences	0	(9,800)	(9,800)	(9,800)	(9,800)
2020/21	Homelessness prevention/supported accommodation (1)	0	(101,824)	(101,824)	(101,824)	(101,824)
2020/21	Homelessness prevention/supported accommodation (2)	(32,129)	(32,129)	(32,129)	(32,129)	(32,129)
2020/21	Homelessness prevention/tenancy support	(29,310)	(29,310)	(29,310)	(29,310)	(29,310)
2020/21	Global resettlement scheme	10,350	(10,350)	(51,750)	(51,750)	(51,750)
2020/21	Global resettlement scheme - funding	(10,350)	10,350	51,750	51,750	51,750
2020/21	Additional resource for waste contract re-tender	33,843	35,843	35,843	0	0
2020/21	Savings from upgrade to the CCTV cabling	(28,000)	(28,000)	(28,000)	(28,000)	(28,000)
2020/21	Increase car parking fees.	(25,500)	(25,500)	(25,500)	(25,500)	(25,500)
2020/21	Increase income to clear Wallingford Cemetery deficit.	(5,777)	(5,777)	(5,777)	(5,777)	(5,777)
		(355,293)	(464,917)	(464,917)	(500,760)	(500,760)

Year of bid	Summary	Spending profile				
		2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
LEGAL & DEMO	I DCRATIC	Z.	£	£	£	£
	District and parish election	0	50,000	115,000	0	
	Storage costs for election equipment	0	0,000	(5,000)		(5,000)
	District/parish elections	0	0	50,000		0
		0	50,000	160,000	(5,000)	(5,000)

PARTNERSHI	PS					
2017/18	Corporate contract savings	(115,720)	(203,643)	(203,643)	(203,643)	(203,643)
2018/19	Additional costs 5CP from renegotiation	(49,240)	4,760	4,760	4,760	4,760
2019/20	5CP contract costs	7,001	7,001	7,001	7,001	7,001
2020/21	Reprofiling of Capita 5CP costs	0	(135,515)	(542,061)	(542,061)	(542,061)
		(157,959)	(327,397)	(733,943)	(733,943)	(733,943)

Year of bid	Summary	Spending profile				
		2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
		£	£	£	£	£
PLANNING						
2017/18	Neighbourhood planning	(38,000)	(38,000)	(38,000)	(38,000)	(38,000)
2018/19	Great Crested Newt licensing pilot - expenditure	(25,000)	(25,000)	(25,000)	(25,000)	(25,000)
2018/19	Great Crested Newt licensing pilot - income	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000	25,000
2019/20	Local plan	(195,000)	(220,000)	(220,000)	(220,000)	(220,000)
2020/21	Cost of new local plan	145,000	350,000	155,000	(100,000)	(150,000)
2020/21	Reduction in planning fees	0	(100,178)	(200,356)	(200,356)	(200,356)
2020/21	Vacant posts not recruited due to fewer applications	0	38,319	76,319	76,319	76,319
2020/21	Development Income to return to 2017/18 levels by end of MTFP period	0	0	0	(50,000)	(50,000)
2020/21	Development fees for condition discharge	5,000	10,000	12,000	12,000	12,000
		(83,000)	40,141	(215,037)	(520,037)	(570,037)
POLICY & PRO	GRAMMES					
2020/21	Climate change emergency work programme	(106,263)	(106,263)	(106,263)	(106,263)	(106,263)
		(106,263)	(106,263)	(106,263)	(106,263)	(106,263)
	·					

GRAND TOTAL	(740,820)	(1,265,670)	(2,005,417)	(2,551,599)	(2,601,599)
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South Oxfordshire DC - 2021/22 budget build changes Inflation, salary increments and other salary adjustments

Summary	Spending profile									
	2021/22 2022/23 2023/24 2024/25 £ £ £ £									
ALL SERVICES										
Salary inflation	223,755	451,985	684,780	922,231	1,164,431					
Salary increments	151,917	306,873	464,927	626,143	790,583					
Other salary adjustments	(52,609)	(53,661)	(54,734)	(55,829)	(56,946)					
Other net inflation	139,035	280,851	425,503	573,048	723,545					
GRAND TOTAL	462,099	986,048	1,520,476	2,065,593	2,621,613					

No	Title of bid	Summary	One-off/	Spending profile:					
			Ongoing	2021/22	2021/22 2022/23 2023/24		2024/25	2025/26	
				£	£	£	£	£	
CORPORATE MANAGEMENT TEAM									
1	Management team costs	Increase in cost to reflect new senior management structure	Ongoing	68,768	68,768	68,768	68,768	68,768	
2	Transformation costs	Slippage of prior year budget for transformation activities	One-off	100,000	0	0	0	0	
3	Delivery vehicle	Budget to support creation of council owned delivery vehicle	One-off	67,000	0	0	0	0	
•				235,768	68,768	68,768	68,768	68,768	

CORPORATE SERVICES							
1 Mobile phone	New way of working and Centralise mobile phone budget	Ongoing	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000	13,000
2 Cornerstone	An uplift in the budget for this item is required as the premises	Ongoing	34,000	34,000	34,000	34,000	34,000
	service charge for Cornerstone from Hammersons was						
	increased by 100% in 2019-20 and is forecasted to continue.						
	Property are in discussions with Hammerson over this but as						
	things currently stand we need to build this into our budget.						
3 Contract extenstions for two	To support the extra demand on the communications service as	One-off	44,009	0	0	0	0
fixed term communications	a result of the pandemic, SMT agreed to fund two senior						
officers	communications officers to provide the team leader and						
	communications manager with more strategic communications						
	support. This was on a fixed term basis until 31 March. Given						
	where we are with the pandemic, we're likely to need this extra						
	resource for some time. A one year's extension seems realistic						
	given the current uncertainty.						
			00.505	00.505	00 505	00.505	00.505
4 Information Governance officer	Information Governance officer-to meet GDPR new	Ongoing	20,535	20,535	20,535	20,535	20,535
	requirements on the council over and above the existing Data						
	Protection Act.						
			111,544	67,535	67,535	67,535	67,535

No	Title of bid	Summary	One-off/		Spending profile:				
			Ongoing	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	
				£	£	£	£	£	
DEVELOPME	ENT AND REGENERATION								
	1 Staff costs property team	Extra resources agreed by SMT in November 2020 to support Property Team.	One-off	54,718	0	0	0	0	
	2 Staff costs property team	Extra resources agreed by SMT in November 2020 to support Property Team.	Ongoing	111,600	111,600	111,600	111,600	111,600	
	3 Commercial property	Utilities and building maintenance costs for commercial property to bring them up to standard.	Ongoing	80,100	80,100	80,100	80,100	80,100	
	4 Commercial property	Rental income budget reduced to account for loss of rental income resulting from pandemic.	Ongoing	421,904	421,904	421,904	421,904	421,904	
	5 Facilities management	Increase in budgets to maintain facilities management team, including condition surveys, agency staff and compliance work.	Ongoing	168,675	36,875	36,875	36,875	36,875	
	6 135 Milton Park	Increase in budgets to maintain HQ, right size budgeted income and cover anticipated NNDR increase.	One-off	65,343	65,343	0	0	0	
				902,340	715,822	650,479	650,479	650,479	

FINANCE								
1 Hc	ousing benefit	Housing benefit subsidy	Ongoing	189,168	189,168	189,168	189,168	189,168
				189,168	189,168	189,168	189,168	189,168

No	Title of bid	Summary	One-off/		Spend	ding profile		
			Ongoing	2021/22 £	2022/23 £	2023/24 £	2024/25 £	2025/26 £
HOUSING AND ENVIR	RONMENT							
	1 Staffing costs	Temporary increase in Environmental Health and Housing staff to cover extra work due to Covid-19 pandemic	One-off	170,266	97,588	0	0	0
	2 Domestic abuse service	We receive funding from the Police and Crime Commissioner which we use to fund the county wide domestic abuse service. We find out in January whether our PCC funding will continue and the amount we will receive. Should the funding be reduced or removed we would service notice to the domestic abuse serve contract (8 months notice required) and will need to cover the shortfall from April 2020 to cover the service until the end of the notice period. This bid covers the potential shortfall	One-off	10,625	0	0	0	0
	3 Increased contract costs to Biffa for waste collection services	Increased contract costs to Biffa for waste collection services, including growth in properties and increased subscribers to the garden waste service and 2021/22 indexation not included in the base budget.	Ongoing	116,500	116,500	116,500	116,500	116,500
	4 Car parking	Termination of agreement to receive income for Henley train station	Ongoing	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000	30,000
	5 Homelessness prevention and supported accommodation(1)	SODC received £203,648 Flexible Homelessness Support Grant in 2020/21. The grant "may be used only to prevent and deal with homelessness". It will be used to: a) fund supported housing for SODC residents who are homeless or at risk of becoming homeless in 2021/22; b) to help households secure sustainable accommodation and c) to fund 2.5FTE employees engaged in homelessness prevention activities. FULLY FUNDED	Ongoing	203,648	203,648	203,648	203,648	203,648
	6 Homelessness prevention and supported accommodation(2)	SODC received £78,976 Homelessness Reduction Grant in 2020/21. It will be used to: a) fund supported housing for SODC residents who are homeless or at risk of becoming homeless in 2021/22; and b) to help households secure sustainable accommodation. FULLY FUNDED .	Ongoing	78,976	78,976	78,976	78,976	78,976 >
		Government funding of homelessness activity listed above	Ongoing	(282,624)	(282,624)	(282,624)	(282,624)	(282, 4)

No	Title of bid	Summary	One-off/		Spending profile:				
			Ongoing	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	
				£	£	£	£	£	
	7 Additional Waste Technical Officer (possibly funded from S106 monies)	Linked to the previously approved growth bid (2020/21) for tendering of new waste contract. Resource to collate detailed information needed in preparation for retendering the waste contract, while still maintaining current contractors performance. Information required includes: - audit of litter bin provision - review assisted collections list - review Schedule 1 collections - produce a litter strategy - produce road indemnities database - review communal bin store provision	One-off	20,070	20,070	20,070	20,070	0	
L			<u>'</u>	347,461	264,158	166,570	166,570	146,500	
LEGAL AND DEMOC	CRATIC								
	1 Councillor allowances	Increase in councillor's allowances-To increase the budget provision to reflect the increased cost of the Councillors' Allowances Scheme to reflect recommendations of the Independent Remuneration Panel.	Ongoing	19,958	19,958	19,958	19,958	19,958	
				19,958	19,958	19,958	19,958	19,958	
PARTNERSHIPS									
	1 Support Growth Board	Council's contribution to shared team developing the Oxfordshire Plan 2050	One-off	60,000	60,000	0	0	0	
	2 Support Growth Board	Council's contribution to pooled resources for work on the Oxford-Cambridge Arc	Ongoing	8,000	8,000	8,000	8,000	8,000	
•				68,000	68,000	8,000	8,000	8,000	

No	Title of bid	Summary	One-off/	Spending profile:				
			Ongoing	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
				£	£	£	£	£
POLICY AND PORGRA	MMES							
1	Programmes Team Staff	Programmes Team 3 Staff-When set up in the recent restructure the programmes team was only funded for a two year period, ending 31 March 2021. Having developed and introduced the Corporate Delivery Framework and project management methodology and demonstrated the value of the approach across the organisation this bid covers making the	Ongoing	81,213	81,213	81,213	81,213	81,213
		three G6 Corporate Project Officer roles permanent.						
	Joint Programmes Team Leader post	Programmes Team Leader post-When established, the Programmes Team reported directly to the Programmes Service Manager, however expansion of the team workload and responsibility are such that this reporting structure is not sustainable or resilient, and the team needs additional team management resource to enable effective strategic and operational management work. In the short/medium term to respond to Covid-19.	Ongoing	33,280	33,280	33,280	33,280	33,280
POLR3		Request to extend 2nd Climate Change Lead post from a 6 month contract (finishing in June 2021) to a 12 month contract. As the Corporate Plans 2020-24 have developed it is clear that the Climate Emergency is very prominent and will require additional resources above what was originally requested to deliver on the Council's ambitions over a longer-term.	One-off	15,899				
5	IT Programmes Manager	South have on-going essential business need for technology, project management and commercial expertise to support the delivery of the councils' IT strategy and operational requirements.	Ongoing	39,265	39,265	39,265	39,265	·
				169,657	153,758	153,758	153,758	153,758

No	Title of bid	Summary	One-off/		Spen	ding profile	:	
			Ongoing	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
				£	£	£	£	£
PLANNING								
	1 Development management large	60% of Two temporary enforcement officers G6 for one year to	One-off	49,800	0	0	0	0
	sites	deal with backlog of enforcement cases and allow capacity for						
		process improvement/statement review - invest to save						
	2 Local plan	Funding in respect of potential challenges to the local plan	One-off	250,000	0	0	0	0
	3 Policy team income	loss of income to policy team - no capacity to run externa	Ongoing	14,900	14,900	14,900	14,900	14,900
		training session to try and generate extra income						
•				314,700	14,900	14,900	14,900	14,900
ALL SERVICES								
	1 Provision for income losses	Provision for irrecoverable income losses incurred directly as a result of the Coronavirus pandemic only	One-off	925,000	0	0	0	0
	•			925,000	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL			3,283,596	1,562,067	1,339,136	1,339,136	1,319,066

South Oxfordshire DC - 2021/22 budget build changes Base budget savings

No	Summary	One-off or		Spen	ding profile:		
		ongoing?	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
			£	£	£	£	£
CORPO	RATE SERVICES						
1	Reduction of budget to meet in year need pending review of grants policy	One-off	(85,289)	0	0	0	0
2	Other budget savings	Ongoing	(44,734)	(44,734)	(44,734)	(44,734)	(44,734)
			(130,023)	(44,734)	(44,734)	(44,734)	(44,734)
DEVELO	PMENT & REGENERATION						
1	Removal of posts as a result of structure review	Ongoing	(60,956)	(60,956)	(60,956)	(60,956)	(60,956)
2	Revenue savings on capitalised staff costs	Ongoing	(108,979)	(108,979)	(108,979)	(108,979)	(108,979)
3	CIL income to support staff costs	Ongoing	(47,349)	(47,349)	(47,349)	(47,349)	(47,349)
			(217,284)	(217,284)	(217,284)	(217,284)	(217,284)
FINANC	E						
1	Savings on merchant banking contract	Ongoing	(10,300)	(10,300)	(10,300)	(10,300)	(10,300)
			(10,300)	(10,300)	(10,300)	(10,300)	(10,300)
HOUSIN	G & ENVIRONMENT						
1	Home improvement costs identified as capital	Ongoing	(44,475)	(44,475)	(44,475)	(44,475)	(44,475)
2	Wheeled bin costs identified as capital	Ongoing	(14,500)	(14,500)	(14,500)	(14,500)	(14,500)
3	Increase in income from Garden Waste subscribers and increased recycling	Ongoing	(371,739)	(371,739)	(371,739)	(371,739)	(371,739)
4	Car parking income	Ongoing	(35,500)	(35,500)	(35,500)	(35,500)	(35,500)
5	CCTV maintenance costs	Ongoing	(12,000)	(12,000)	(12,000)	(12,000)	(12,000)
6	Small saving in pest control	Ongoing	(94)	(94)	(94)	(94)	(94)
			(478,308)	(478,308)	(478,308)	(478,308)	(478,308)
LEGAL 8	& DEMOCRATIC						
1	Small savings taken to match actual expenditure	Ongoing	(1,563)	(1,563)	(1,563)	(1,563)	(1,56
	•		(1,563)	(1,563)	(1,563)	(1,563)	(1,56🏖
		L	-				
PARTNE	RSHIPS						d
PARTNE	RSHIPS Savings on five councils contract	Ongoing	(30,038)	(30,038)	(30,038)	(30,038)	(30,03

South Oxfordshire DC - 2021/22 budget build changes Base budget savings

No	Summary	One-off or	Spending profile:						
		ongoing?	2021/22	2025/26					
			£	£					
PLANNIN	G								
1	Increase in Planning fees	Ongoing	(250,000)	(250,000)	(250,000)	(250,000)	(250,000)		
2	Reimbursement for Secondments to OCC For Local Plan 2050	Ongoing	(123,697)	(123,697)	(123,697)	(123,697)	(123,697)		
3	Grant income for neighbourhood plan	Ongoing	(30,000)	(30,000)	(30,000)	(30,000)	(30,000)		
			(403,697)	(403,697)	(403,697)	(403,697)	(403,697)		

Overall total	(1,271,213)	(1,185,924)	(1,185,924)	(1,185,924)	(1,185,924)

South Oxfordshire DC - 2021/22 revenue budget contingency Revenue contingency

	Provision
	£
Contingency base budget 2021/22	200,000
Additional contingency budget - 2021/22 only Provision for additional irrecoverable expenditure incurred directly as a result of the Coronavirus pandemic only	900,000
Total contingency budget for 2021/22	1,100,000

Theme South Oxfords District Coun Listening Learning Le	Plan ID	Project description	BUDGET STATUS
Protect and restore our natural world	PRN1	With partners, promote in-depth mapping and surveying of ecosystems across the district, planning for restoration of the natural world and working closely with land-owners and specialist agencies	a - within base budget
	OA1	Enhance trust and accountability in democratic decision-making, including live-streaming and recording of	a - within base budget
Openness and accountability	OA3	Embed an organisational culture that celebrates diversity, inclusion and respect	a - within base budget
	OA4	Apply good governance and transparency in all our working and decision-making, exploring optimal structures and mechanisms for best practice in local government	a - within base budget
	OA5	Engage effectively with residents, Parish and Town Councils and other community organisations, using plain English in our communications and using appropriate methods and	a - within base budget
	ACE1	Achieve our own zero carbon target by 2025 and support others to achieve the Develop an annually approved climate emergency programme and adequately finance it	b - one-off provision transformation a - within base budget
	ACE3	Deliver Council-owned net-zero homes and use grants, planning policy and advocacy to ensure the same standards throughout the district	b - one-off provision transformation
Action on the Climate	ACE4	Promote and encourage behavioural change with informational campaigns and leading by example	a - within base budget
Emergency	ACE6	Mitigate climate change through planning and land use, enhancing biodiversity on our own land and strengthening the planning system to enforce environmental standards	a - within base budget
	ACE7	Promote the circular economy (reduce, re-use and recycle), including in our waste management contracts	a - within base budget
	ACE8	Support and encourage local businesses to respond to climate change and nature recovery	a - within base budget
	ACE9	Promote waste minimisation initiatives such as Repair Cafés	a - within base budget

Theme South Oxfordshire District Council	Corp	Project description	BUDGET STATUS
Listening Learning Leading	Plan ID		
	ECW1	Partner with regional agencies to ensure economic recovery, quality employment, thriving businesses and vibrant communities, avoiding the blight of "dormitory towns"	a - within base budget
Improved economic and community wellbeing	ECW2	Provide advice on access to grants, training and diversification programmes, helping local businesses to build agility and resilience	a - within base budget
	ECW4	Launch a new community wellbeing strategy to encourage and support culture, leisure and the arts	b - one-off provision transformation
	ECW6	Work with our communities to maximise Community Infrastructure Levy funds and to allocate these to achieve best outcomes for residents in the District	a - within base budget
	ECW7	Take enforcement action on fly-tipping and dog fouling	a - within base budget
	ECW8	Work with local partners to introduce civil parking enforcement as a district responsibility	a - within base budget
	HILN1	Didcot Garden Town priority projects as identified by the Advisory Board, specifically a sustainable plan to redevelop the Didcot Gateway site, a public transport and active walking and cycling network, community facilities and accessible green spaces for Didcot residents	a - within base budget
Homes and infrastructure that meet local needs	HILN2	The transformation of Berinsfield into a thriving Garden Village with improved facilities that are developed in line with the community's needs and aspirations	a - within base budget
	HILN3	New council-owned homes with a focus on quality of design, affordability and local requirements	b - one-off provision transformation
	HILN4	Support and encouragement for the retrofit of our existing housing stock for low-carbon performance and to eliminate fuel poverty	a - within base budget
	HILN5	Elimination of homelessness in our District	a - within base budget
	HILN7	Ensuring that our teams are ready to access or signpost to any Government	a - within base budget
	HILN8		a - within base budget
	HILN9	Spatial planning embeds public health, wellbeing and sustainability	a - within base budget

Theme	South Oxfordshire District Council Listening Learning Leading	Corp Plan ID	Project description	BUDGET STATUS
Investment an	d innovation	IRFV1	Develop and implement an innovative Transformation Strategy to diversify our revenue streams, improve our effectiveness and secure our on-going viability	b - one-off provision transformation
that rebuilds o	our financial	IRFV2	"Invest to save" for the District, including the delivery of sustainable new Council offices – on time and within budget – to realise future operational efficiencies	b - one-off provision transformation
		IRFV3	Exercise strong Stewardship of all Council assets including property and financial investments, optimising their performance for the benefit of our residents	b - one-off provision transformation
		IRFV4	Maximise external funding opportunities to support our services and to enrich our leisure, sporting and community activities	b - one-off provision transformation
		IRFV5	Invest responsibly and ethically with the Climate Emergency at the heart of what we do	a - within base budget

	Final Budget	Final Budget
Budget head	£	£
Corporate Management Team		1,162,965
Corporate Services		4,083,798
Development & Regeneration		1,104,626
Finance		364,917
Housing & Environment		6,106,394
Legal Services		1,057,194
Partnerships		2,703,957
Planning		1,789,722
Policy & Programmes		428,709
Managed Vacancy Factor		(518,328)
All services		925,000
Contingency		1,100,000
Net cost of delivering services		20,308,953
Gross treasury income		(1,846,610)
Net expenditure		18,462,343
Government grant funding:		
New Homes Bonus	(2,549,185)	
Transfer to reserves		
New Homes Bonus	214,447	
Interest and dividends	1,846,610	
Funding from existing resources:		
Transfer from reserves		
Previous years interest	(2,182,999)	
General Fund Balance	(273,720)	
New Homes Bonus	(3,985,509)	
		(6,930,356)
Total net revenue budget		11,531,987

SOUTH OXFORDSHIRE DISTRICT COUNCIL CAPITAL PROGRAMME TO 31 MARCH 2026

	No.	App/Prov	Note	Cost C	2020/21 Original Budget	2020/21 Latest Budget £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	2024/25 £000	2025/26 £000
APPROVED PROGRAMME				•							
Corporate Services		Арр			4,172	679	6,352	11,646	0	0	0
Development & Regeneration		Арр			2,235	175	10,759	0	0	199	0
Finance		Арр			0	170					
Housing & Environment		Арр			1,476	2,694	1,907	1,451	1,453	920	920
Partnership & Insight		Арр			0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Planning		Арр			0	0	0	0	0	0	0
TOTAL APPROVED PROGRAMME		Арр			7,883	3,718	19,018	13,097	1,453	1,119	920
PROVISIONAL PROGRAMME		Prov			9,127	10,074	2,240	707	706	733	707
GRAND TOTAL		Both			17,010	13,792	21,258	13,804	2,159	1,852	1,627

Cumulative Total Budget (Approved & Provisional)

54,492

CAPITAL FINANCING								
Grants	Both	73	7 4,391	2,674	1,399	1,401	875	875
New homes bonus	Both	3,19	2 0	0	0	0	0	0
Developers contributions	Both		208	65	0	0	0	0
Community Infrastructure Levy	Both		0	9,188	0	0	0	0
Usable capital and earmarked revenue receipts	Both	13,08	9,193	9,331	12,405	758	977	752
GRAND TOTAL	Both	17,01	13,792	21,258	13,804	2,159	1,852	1,627

Corporate Services

Corporate Cervices											
Programmes & Assurance											
New Office Accommodation	317	Арр	2018/19 (4)	A317	4,150	330	5,900	11,646			
Communications											
New Website		Арр	2016/17 (2)	A288		5					
IT Operations											
Upgrade GIS	088	Арр		A088		5					
IT Infrastructure	251	Арр	201314 (22)	A251	22	77					
CIF Grants											
Capital Grants - 16/17 Delegated Powers		Арр		A293		0	125				
Capital Grants - 17/18 Delegated Powers		Арр		A306		17	83				
Capital Grants - 18/19 Delegated Powers		App		A308		101	69				
Capital Grants - 19/20 Delegated Powers		Арр		A319		144	175				
Arts Development											
Cornerstone Capital Works	242	App		A242		0					
					4,172	679	6,352	11,646	0	0	0

	No.	App/Prov	Note	Cost C	2020/21 Original Budget	2020/21 Latest Budget £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	2024/25 £000	2025/26 £000
Development & Regeneration			•			•	•	•			·
Leisure											
Henley Leisure Centre - spend to save	274	Арр		A274	41	0	54				
Park Sports Centre - gym equipment	275	Арр		A275						66	
Abbey Sports Centre - gym equipment	285	Арр		A285						38	
Thame Leisure Centre - learner pool conversion	286	Арр		A286	285	0	0				
Thame Leisure Centre - gym equipment replacement	287	Арр		A287		0	1			95	
Didcot Wave Essential Works	298	Арр		A298		0	4				
Thame LC Dry side Refurbishment	315	Арр	2018/19 (dc)	A315	55	28	27				
Sports Hall Floor Berinsfield	318	Арр	2019/20 (dc)	A318	60	0	60				
Leisure Centre - capital works	078	Арр	201314 (8)	X155	519	147	150				
Development											
CIL - OCC		App		твс			6,563				
CIL - CCG		Арр		твс			2,625				
Private housing renovation											
Growth Points	136	Арр		A136	1,275	0	1,275				
					2,235	175	10,759	0	0	199	0

	No.	App/Prov	Note	Cost C	2020/21 Original Budget	2020/21 Latest Budget £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	2024/25 £000	2025/26 £000
Finance	ı								r	T	
General Ledger	325	Арр		A325		170					
Hausing 9 Equipment					0	170	0	0	0	0	0
Housing & Environment		1		<u> </u>			Ι				
Property Car Park Furniture	249	Арр	201314 (20)	A249	25	20					
Customer Service, Licensing & Land Charges		Арр									
Licensing Software Project		Арр		A259		1					
Technical		Арр									
Housing Act Works Refurbishment	103	Арр		X170		1	355				
Flood Alleviation	143	Арр		A143		0	57				
Private housing renovation		Арр									
Mandatory disabled facilities grants	011	Арр	201516 (1)	X108	1,399	2,548	1,399	1,399	1,401	875	875
Discretionary assistance	012	Арр		X109	52	52	52	52	52	45	45
Rent Management Software	299	Арр	201718 (5)	A299		1					
Community Safety											
Replacement CCTV Cameras	271	Арр	201516 (8)	A271		71	44				
					1,476	2,694	1,907	1,451	1,453	920	920

	No.	App/Prov	Note	Cost C	2020/21 Original Budget	2020/21 Latest Budget £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	2024/25 £000	2025/26 £000
Provisional Capital Programme	I	I	1	ı			I				
CORPORATE SERVICES											
Volunteer brokerage	302	PROV	2017/18 (9)			40					
IT Operations	321	PROV	202021 (2)			25	50	50	50	50	50
DEVELOPMENT & REGENERATION											
Purchase of Vans	316	PROV	2019/20 (2)		18	0					
Affordable Homes Delivery Plan	317	PROV	2019/20 (3)		2,937	3,225	440				
External Capital Grants	009, 010	PROV	201314 (4)		320	321	320	320	320	320	320
Leisure Centres Essential Works	173	PROV	201314 (8)		370	0	198	198	198	198	198
Leisure Centres General Works	320	PROV	202021 (1)			20	20	20	20	20	20
Public Art - Great Western Park	248	PROV	201314 (19)			156					
Cornerstone Capital Works	242	PROV	201314 (13)		29	56					
HOUSING & ENVIRONMENT		PROV									
Purchase of new bins	279	PROV	201516 (2)		93	93	93	93	93	93	93
Replacement CCTV Cameras	271	PROV	201516 (8)		0	4					
CCTV replacement cameras	322	PROV	202021 (3)			35					
Car Park Resurfacing & Improvement	142	PROV	201314 (10)		42	42					
Car Park resurfacing	323	PROV	202021 (4)			22	26	26	25	52	26
Refurb Kidmore and Wallingford cemeteries	265	PROV	201415 (6)		34	0	34				
Greys Road WC	291	PROV	201617 (7)		80	80					
Grounds Team Equipments	310	PROV	2018/19 (2)		30	90					
Flood Alleviation Wheatley	246	PROV	201314 (17)		59	0	59				
Flood Defence	281	PROV	201516 (7)		55	55					
Replacement Sewage Pumping Station for FMP	309	PROV	2018/19 (1)		60	60					
Temporary Accommodation	312	PROV	Council 10/17			0	1,000				

	No.	App/Prov	Note	Cost C	2020/21 Original Budget	2020/21 Latest Budget £000	2021/22 £000	2022/23 £000	2023/24 £000	2024/25 £000	2025/26 £000
PARTNERSHIP & INSIGHT											
Investment in Pension Scheme Assets	311	PROV	2018/19 (5)		5,000	5,000					
CONTINGENCY											
Capital Contingency	235	PROV	201314 (2)			750					
					9,127	10,074	2,240	707	706	733	707

					CAPITAL SPEND			REVENUE CONSEQUENCES						
No	Title of bid	Summary	One-off	South		Spending profile:				Sp	ending prof	file:		
			or	only or	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
			rolling	joint	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£	£
				bid?										
DEVELOPMEN	T AND REGENERATION													
1	replacement	Replacement of reception flooring FULLY FUNDED	One-off	South	5,000									
1	Didcot Leisure Centre - floor replacement	Replacement of reception flooring FUNDING	One-off	South	(5,000)									
2	Abbey Sports Centre - ATP renovation	Upgrade of artificial turf pitch FULLY FUNDED	One-off	South	250,000									
2		Upgrade of artificial turf pitch FUNDING	One-off	South	(250,000)									
3		Replacement of roof lighting FULLY FUNDED	One-off	South	5,000									
3	Park Sports Centre - roof light replacement	Replacement of roof lighting FUNDING	One-off	South	(5,000)									
4		Replacement of combined heat and power unit FULLY FUNDED	One-off	South	180,000									
4		Replacement of combined heat and power unit FUNDING	One-off	South	(180,000)									
5	Staffing costs	Capitalisation of staffing costs for property	Ongoing	Joint	108,979	108,979	108,979	108,979	108,979					
					108,979	108,979	108,979	108,979	108,979	0	0	0	0	0
HOUSING AND	ENVIRONMENT			0 "	47.000	47.000	47.000	47.000	47.000	0			0	
1		Increase the current approved capital budget for purchase of new bins and replacements.	Ongoing	South	17,000	17,000	17,000	17,000	17,000	0	0	0	0	0
2		Vehicle for GM supervisor and small van for PC supervisor	One-off	Joint	30,000									
3	ссту	Replacement programme for CCTV	Ongoing	South	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000	12,000					
					59,000	29,000	29,000	29,000	29,000	0	0	0	0	0
					55,500	20,000	20,000	23,300	25,500					
	GRAND TOTAL				167,979	137,979	137,979	137,979	137,979	0	0	0	0	0

Prudential indicators – South Oxfordshire DC

1 Affordability

1.1 Ratio of financing costs to net revenue stream

These indicators compare the net interest payable less investment income receivable to the overall net revenue spending of the council. Because the council has a high level of investment income and no long term borrowing this indicator is negative and remains so throughout the period.

Indicator A-1 Ratio of financing costs	2021/22 estimate	2022/23 estimate	2023/24 estimate	2024/25 estimate	2025/26 estimate
to net revenue stream					
Non – HRA	(9.3%)	(9.5%)	(8.7%)	(9.0%)	(8.9%)

2 Prudence

2.1 Gross borrowing and the capital financing requirement

It is prudent to ensure that borrowing is only used to fund capital (as opposed to revenue) expenditure. The indicator to measure whether this is achieved is to demonstrate that external borrowing does not, except in the short term, exceed the total of capital financing requirement in the preceding year plus the estimates of any additional capital financing requirement for the current and next two financial years.

Indicator P-1	2019/20 actual £m	2020/21 estimate £m	2021/22 estimate £m	2022/23 estimate £m
Capital financing requirement	0	0	0	0
Gross borrowing	0	0	0	0

In this instance the capital financing requirement is shown as zero; this reflects the ongoing debt-free status of the council.

The head of finance reports that the authority had no difficulty meeting this requirement in 2019/20, nor are there any difficulties envisaged for the current or future years. This view takes into account current commitments, existing plans, and the proposals in the 2021/22 budget.

2.2 Capital expenditure

The first indicator shows the total capital expenditure plans of the council's approved plus provisional programme including capital growth proposals put forward.

Indicator P-2	2020/21	2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
	estimate	estimate	estimate	estimate	estimate	estimate
	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
Estimates of capital expenditure	13,792	21,866	13,942	2,297	1,990	1,765

The second indicator records actual capital expenditure for the previous financial year.

	2019/20	2019/20
Indicator P-3	estimate	actual
	£000	£000
Actual capital expenditure	4,373	2,955

2.3 Borrowing need

This indicator reflects the authority's underlying need to borrow for a capital purpose, its Capital Financing Requirement (CFR). This borrowing may not need to take place externally, and the council may judge it prudent to make use of cash that it has already invested for long term purposes.

Indicator P-4	31/3/2021 estimate £000	31/3/2022 estimate £000	31/3/2023 estimate £000	31/3/2024 estimate £000	31/3/2025 estimate £000	31/03/2026 estimate £000
Estimate of CFR						
Non-HRA Estimate of movement in	0	0	0	0	0	0
year Non-HRA	0	0	0	0	0	0

The capital financing requirement as at 31 March each year is derived from specific balances within the balance sheet, and adjustments are made for capital expenditure, and the resources applied to finance the expenditure. As all the authority's capital expenditure is resourced immediately from capital receipts, reserves, grants, contributions and directly from revenue, the CFR remains zero throughout.

The actual CFR for 31 March 2020 is shown below.

Indicator P-5	31/3/2020 actual £000
Actual capital financing requirement Non-HRA	0
Actual movement in year Non-HRA	0

	A I	В	С	D I	E I	F
1	South Oxfordshire District Council	Budget	Indicative	Indicative	Indicative	Indicative
2		2021/22	2022/23	2023/24	2024/25	2025/26
3		£	£	£	£	£
22	Base budget bfwd	17,703,774	17,703,774	17,703,774	17,703,774	17,703,774
23	Revisions to base budget	, ,	·	•		•
24	Opening budget adjustments	(740,820)	(1,265,670)	(2,005,417)	(2,551,599)	(2,601,599)
25	Inflation, salary increments and adjustments	462,099	986,048	1,520,476	2,065,593	2,621,613
26	Essential growth - one-off	1,832,730	243,001	20,070	20,070	0
27	Essential growth - ongoing	1,450,866	1,319,066	1,319,066	1,319,066	1,319,066
28	Future essential growth	0	500,000	1,000,000	1,500,000	2,000,000
29	Base budget savings	(1,271,213)	(1,185,924)	(1,185,924)	(1,185,924)	(1,185,924)
30	Movement in revenue contingency	900,000	0	0	0	0
31	Movement in managed vacancy factor	(28,482)	(28,482)	(28,482)	(28,482)	(28,482)
33	Total revised base budget	20,308,954	18,271,813	18,343,563	18,842,498	19,828,448
44	Gross treasury income	(1,846,610)	(1,819,220)	(1,708,130)	(1,795,980)	(1,795,980)
45	Net expenditure	18,462,344	16,452,593	16,635,433	17,046,518	18,032,468
48	Transfers to/from earmarked reserves	(121,943)	403,970	288,910	487,850	400,000
49	Amount to be financed	18,340,401	16,856,563	16,924,343	17,534,368	18,432,468
50	Financing					
51	Core Government Funding	(5,249,685)	(4,857,091)	(4,456,193)	(4,046,849)	(3,628,912)
52	Coronavirus Support Grant	(516,770)	0	0	0	0
53	Core Funding	(5,766,455)	(4,857,091)	(4,456,193)	(4,046,849)	(3,628,912)
54	NDR - renewable energy	(76,894)	(76,894)	(76,894)	(76,894)	(76,894)
58	Collection fund surplus/deficit	(472,194)	(200,000)	(200,000)	(200,000)	(200,000)
59	Council tax req'ment before reserves funding	12,024,858	11,722,578	12,191,256	13,210,625	14,526,662
60	Use of New Homes Bonus to balance budget	(3,985,509)	0	0	0	0
61	Use of revenue reserves to balance budget	(273,720)	(3,564,356)	(3,632,136)	(4,242,161)	(5,140,261)
62	Council tax req'ment after reserves funding	7,765,628	8,158,222	8,559,120	8,968,464	9,386,401
63	Tax base	59,171.2	59,881.3	60,599.8	61,327.0	62,063.0
64	Band D Council tax	131.24	136.24	141.24	146.24	151.24
65	Council tax increase from previous year	3.8%	3.8%	3.7%	3.5%	3.4%
66	Usable balances at year end:*	£000	£000	£000	£000	£000
67	General fund balance	(28,831)	(24,863)	(20,335)	(16,977)	(10,947)
68	Earmarked revenue reserves - allocated	(7,404)	(7,808)	(8,096)	(6,584)	(6,984)
69	Capital receipts	(7,369)	0	0	0	0
70	Total	(43,604)	(32,670)	(28,431)	(23,562)	(17,931)
71		· · · · · ·			,	· · · ·
	* Excludes balances held for the long term as per the					
72	Medium Term Financial Strategy					